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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/512,754	02/25/2000	Toshio Nakakuki	005586-20033	7497
26021	7590 02/11/2004		EXAMINER	
HOGAN & HARTSON L.L.P. 500 S. GRAND AVENUE SUITE 1900			YE, LIN	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
LOS ANGEL	LES, CA 90071-2611		2612	C
			DATE MAILED: 02/11/2004	•

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

•	Application.	Applicant(s)					
	09/512,754	NAKAKUKI ET AL.					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
•	Lin Ye	2612					
The MAILING DATE of this communication a Period for Reply	ppears on the cover sheet v	vith the correspondence add	ress				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REF THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a r  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perions  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by state  - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the main earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).  Status	N. 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a eply within the statutory minimum of th d will apply and will expire SIX (6) MC	reply be timely filed irty (30) days will be considered timely. NTHS from the mailing date of this con NBANDONED (35 U.S.C.§ 133).	nmunication.				
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 24	November 2003.						
2a)⊠ This action is FINAL. 2b)☐ Th	is action is non-final.						
3) Since this application is in condition for allow closed in accordance with the practice unde	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims							
4) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-8</u> is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withd 5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-8</u> is/are rejected. 7) □ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8 □ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	rawn from consideration.		·				
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.							
Application Papers	inor						
9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.  10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).							
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.							
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120							
12) ☑ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).  a) ☑ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:  1. ☑ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.  2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No  3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).  * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.  13) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application) since a specific reference was included in the first sentence of the specification or in an Application Data Sheet.  37 CFR 1.78.  a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received.  14) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121 since a specific reference was included in the first sentence of the specification or in an Application Data Sheet. 37 CFR 1.78.							
Attachment(s)	_	_					
<ol> <li>Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)</li> <li>Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)</li> <li>Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper Note</li> </ol>	5) Notice of	v Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s f Informal Patent Application (PTO					
J.S. Patent and Trademark Office	• • •	Dad a	f Panor No. 9				

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### **DETAILED ACTION**

## Response to Arguments

1. Applicant's arguments filed 11/24/03 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive as to claims 1-8.

For claims 1 and 4, the applicant argues that the Suzuki reference does not disclose generation of exposure information based on the current level of an image signal. The examiner disagrees. The Suzuki reference clearly discloses in Figure 3, the coarse exposure adjustment circuit (referred as the "second exposure information generating circuit" in the claim 1) for calculating (CPU 10 implementing coarse adjustment of exposure) second exposure information based on perform readout from photometric area and sum pixels in transfer portion (in steps s204); and calculate black level of the image signal (in steps s205) on the basis of the integrated signal (e.g., this can be considered as the current level of the image signal). The Suzuki reference also discloses the fine exposure adjustment circuit (referred as the "first exposure information generating circuit) for generating stable exposure information (optimal exposure information, see Col. 12, lines 16-25 and lines 45-48).

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

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3. Claims 1-3 and 7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Suzuki et al. U.S. Patent 5,751,354.

Referring to claim 1, the Suzuki reference discloses in Figures 1-8, a solid-state imaging apparatus, comprising: a solid-state image sensor (CCD 4) having a plurality of light receiving elements arrayed thereon, for accumulating in each of the plurality of light receiving elements information charges according to a received object image; a driving circuit (6) for discharging the information charges accumulated in each of the plurality of light receiving elements of the solid-state image sensor, and for outputting, after a predetermined period, information charges accumulated in each of the plurality of light receiving elements whereby an image signal according to the information charges is obtained (See Col. 10, lines 3-16); first exposure information generating circuit (the operation as to server as a second stoke switch SW2. See Figures 4 through 7, illustrating a subroutine for fine adjustment of exposure, See Col. 12, lines 16-25) for detecting a level of the image signal in a predetermined (preceded) cycle (for detect average of level brightness of the image signal) to generate first exposure information (i.e. a gain value, an integration time, and an aperture size) which is increased or decreased (adjusted) based on a detection result (See Col. 12, lines 51-59); second exposure information generating circuit (the operation as to serve as a first stroke switch SW1. See Figure 3, illustrating a subroutine for coarse exposure adjustment to set of the amount of exposure of the image sensing device to a level) for calculating (CPU 10 implementing coarse adjustment of exposure) second exposure information based on the level (comparing with black level on the basis of the integrated

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signal which can be considers as current level of the image signal) of the image signal (See Col. 11, lines 10-23); selecting circuit (Switch SW1 and SW2) for selecting either the first exposure information or the second exposure information (See Col. 10, lines 20-23); and timing control circuit (timing signal generator 5) for setting discharge timing and output timing to the driving circuit; wherein the selecting circuit selects the second exposure information during a predetermined period, and subsequently selects the first exposure information (See Figure 2, Step S1 through S11).

Referring to claim 2, the Suzuki reference discloses wherein the selection circuit continuously selects the second exposure information during a predetermined period (operation of the switch SW1) in response to rise of power (considered the power supply is turned on as the camera to start photography).

Referring to claim 3, the Suzuki reference discloses wherein the selecting circuit continuously selects the second exposure information during a predetermined period in response to a trigger (control console 12) given at a desired timing (the first switch SW1 is not exceeded a prescribed time set by a trigger. See Col. 18, lines 40-44).

Referring to claim 7, the Suzuki reference discloses wherein the second exposure information generating circuit continuously generates the second exposure information (coarse exposure adjustment) for every vertical scanning period (every period of the photographic operation) during at least the predetermined period (the period of pressing the switch SW1) (Se Col. 11, lines 36-47).

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4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- Claims 4-6 and 8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Suzuki et al.
   U.S. Patent 5,751,354 in view of Mochizuki et al. U.S. Patent 5,793,422.

Referring to claim 4, the Suzuki reference discloses all subject matter as discussed in respected claims 1, and also second exposure information generating circuit for calculating second exposure information (i.e. gain value and shutter speed) according to a predetermined target brightness level (reference level of black pixel) based on a current brightness level (the brightness of outside light is detected) and current exposure information (the exposure is performed at minimum lens aperture and at an electronic shutter speed is as high as setting allow, See Col. 11, lines 50-65 and Col. 12, lines 1-12). However, the reference does not explicitly states the first exposure information generating circuit for comparing the brightness level and a predetermined brightness reference value to generated first exposure information (exposure correction signal Lx) which is increase or decreased based on a comparison result.

The Mochizuki reference discloses in figure 4, an imaging apparatus has compare circuits (21 and 22) which adapted to compare an the brightness level (output voltage of video signal) and a predetermined brightness reference value (the reference voltages V1, V2) to generated exposure information (shutter speed) which is increased or decrease based on a comparison result (See Col. 7, lines 1-15). The MOchizuki reference is an evidence that one of ordinary

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skill in the art at the time to see more advantages for using a predetermined brightness reference value according to suitable exposure condition to compare with the brightness level output from the image sensor during each vertical scanning period, therefore significantly increase the accuracy for the fine exposure adjustment to reach a optimum exposure time. For that reason, it would have been obvious to see the first exposure information generating circuit (fine exposure adjustment circuit) for comparing the brightness level and a predetermined brightness reference value to generated first exposure information (exposure correction signal Lx) which is increase or decreased based on a comparison result disclosed by Suzuki.

Referring to claim 5, the Suzuki reference discloses all subject matter as discussed with respected to same comment as with claim 2.

Referring to claim 6, the Suzuki reference discloses all subject matter as discussed with respected to same comment as with claim 3.

Referring to claim 8, the Suzuki reference discloses wherein the first exposure information generating circuit updates the first exposure information (fine exposure adjustment) every vertical scanning period (every period of the photographic operation) (See Col. 16, lines 64-67 and Col. 17, lines 1-7).

### Conclusion

6. Accordingly, THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

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A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE

MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO

MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until

after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory

period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to

37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event,

however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of

this final action.

7. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner

should be directed to Lin Ye whose telephone number is (703) 305-3250. If attempts to

reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Wendy R

Garber can be reached on (703) 305-4929.

Any response to this action should be mailed to:

Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks

Washington, DC. 20231

Or faxed to:

(703) 872-9306

Hand-delivered responses should be brought to Crystal Park II, 2121 Crystal drive,

Arlington, VA., Sixth Floor (Receptionist).

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Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the Technology Center 2600 Customer Service Office whose telephone number is (703) 306-0377.

Lin Ye January 26, 2004

WENDY R. GARBER
WENDY R. GARBER
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER
TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2600